Developing Technology Excellence in Teachers Requires Lots of Practice

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PRACTICE TYPES IN TEACHER PREPARATION		
Practice Type	Outcome	Technology Example
Mechanical Practice: (Gladwell, 2000) Repetition that mimics the "correct way" of doing something in order to effectively perform basic teaching techniques.	The teacher candidate integrates technology effectively.	Through an iterative process guided by a teacher educator, a teacher candidate develops effective use of technologyenabled formative assessments in his or her teaching.
Goal-Oriented Practice (Ericsson, 2016) Setting goals and adjusting execution to get closer and closer to optimal performance in order to attain overall minimal proficiency in integrating technology.	The teacher candidate is consistent with effectively integrating technology.	With the goal of improving project-based learning techniques, a teacher candidate attempts practices throughout the semester such as developing technologyenabled formative assessments that are found to be noteworthy by some teachers in their personalized learning network.
Competency-Oriented Practice with Feedback (Goleman, 2013) Improving an aspect of teaching that has been identified by a mentor, supervisor or coach who also provides concentrated feedback in order to hone specific teaching competencies.	The teacher candidate is consistent with effectively integrating technology in targeted, value-added ways.	Over a period of time, a teacher candidate researches and experiments with using a variety of technologically enabled, formative assessments across a variety of teaching scenarios to become more competent with using assessment data to "monitor and adjust" their teaching.
Vision-Oriented Practice (Duckworth et al., 2007) Working toward a vision or an end state driven by grit, perseverance and passion to achieve long-term goals in order to become self-efficacious in teaching techniques.	As a function of professional practice, the teacher candidate continually refines integrating technology in targeted, value-added ways.	After a comprehensive review of several teaching observations conducted by the mentor teacher and field supervisor, a teacher candidate establishes several goals with action steps for improving how technology impacts his or her teaching including formative assessments, parent communication and working with peers.
Asset-Based Practice (Reisdorf & Rhinesmith, 2018) Critiquing current strategies and taking creative license to build a combination of human, social and physical capital in order to leverage technology as a means for personal and collective empowerment.	Given the availability (potential ubiquity) of technology, the teacher candidate creates new and innovative approaches to effectively integrating technology in targeted, valueadded ways that are responsive to the context and culture.	Through a survey of the field experience school that includes available technology at school and home, a teacher candidate creates a technology plan to support seamless communication and empower collaboration during a group project (regardless of group members locale or the time of day), then facilitates a data-driven and reflection exercise with students to improve his or her plan.

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